

Stocks Hit New Highs as Market Navigates Shutdown, Fed Policy, & AI Spending

Mike Minter, CFP®, CFS®

Chief Investment Officer

Monthly Market Summary

- The S&P 500 Index rose +2.3% in October, bringing its year-to-date return to +17.5%. Large Cap Growth stocks gained +3.6% and outperformed the index, while Large Cap Value returned +0.4%. Major stock indices set new highs, with the S&P 500, Dow Jones, Nasdaq 100, and Russell 2000 all posting a sixth straight month of gains.
- Technology led all S&P 500 sectors, with the Nasdaq 100 gaining +4.8%. Health Care and Consumer Discretionary also outperformed the index, while the remaining eight sectors underperformed, with five sectors trading lower.
- Bonds traded higher as Treasury yields ended lower despite intra-month volatility. The U.S. Bond Aggregate returned +0.6%, while corporate bonds underperformed. Investment-grade delivered a +0.4% total return, and high-yield gained +0.2%.
- International stocks split the S&P 500's return. Developed Markets gained +1.2%, underperforming the S&P 500, while Emerging Markets returned +4.2%.

Federal Reserve Cuts Interest Rates as Government Shutdown Drags On

The government shutdown that began October 1st remains unresolved as of month-end, officially becoming the second-longest in U.S. history behind 2018. The shutdown, which is due to partisan gridlock over federal spending and health care subsidies, has disrupted government operations and caused hardship for federal workers. The market has mostly dismissed the stalemate as political noise, but the length of the shutdown is starting to raise concerns about its impact on consumer sentiment and business activity.

The shutdown has complicated interest rate policy by halting the release of economic data. Federal Reserve policymakers have had to make decisions without the latest data on the labor market, consumer spending, and housing market. Despite the data blackout, the Fed cut rates by -0.25% in October, its second consecutive rate cut. The decision reflects growing concern over labor market softening, with Chair Powell emphasizing that employment risks have overtaken inflation concerns, despite inflation still above the 2% target. The market expects another 0.25% rate cut in December, although the probability fell after Powell said a rate cut is “not a foregone conclusion”.

Stocks Trade Near All-Time Highs Despite Credit Concerns & Trade Tensions

Stocks ended October near all-time highs after they staged a late-month recovery. Credit concerns surfaced early in the month after multiple regional banks disclosed losses tied to commercial real estate fraud. The news came only weeks after two high-profile bankruptcies in the auto sector and reignited concerns about credit quality. Stocks initially sold off, but by month-end, concerns eased as credit rating agencies and analysts characterized the issues as isolated rather than systemic.

Around the same time, a sudden re-escalation of U.S.–China trade tensions rattled the market just weeks before a high-stakes Trump-Xi summit. It began when China expanded export restrictions on rare earth minerals, prompting the White House to threaten a 100% tariff on all Chinese imports if Beijing didn't reverse course. The threats sparked a stock market sell-off and revived fears of a trade war. However, despite the harsh rhetoric and threats, both sides left room for negotiation. The Trump-Xi summit took place as scheduled in late October, and the meeting yielded several headline agreements that helped ease near-term U.S.-China trade tensions.

Market Sentiment: Cautious Optimism Ahead of Year-End

Market sentiment is cautiously optimistic heading into the final two months of the year, supported by the Fed's rate-cutting cycle, continued enthusiasm around AI, and solid Q3 corporate earnings. November and December are historically strong for equities, and while investors are bullish, they're not euphoric. Despite credit concerns fading and trade tensions easing, other risks remain. Valuations are elevated, investors are questioning the return from AI infrastructure spending, and job growth has slowed in recent months. Chair Powell's pushback against a December rate cut tempered some enthusiasm, but hopes for a year-end market rally remain intact, even as attention shifts to 2026.

THIS MONTH IN NUMBERS

FIGURE 1

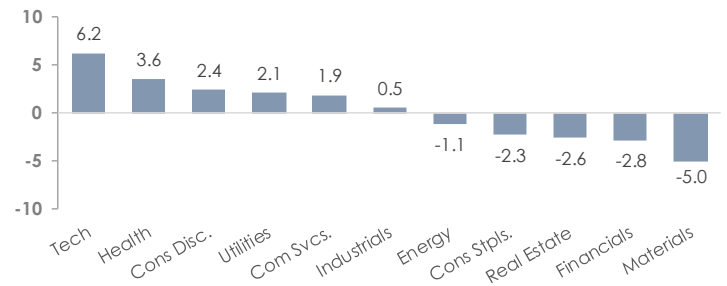
U.S. Style Returns (October in %)

	Value	Blend	Growth
Large	0.4	2.3	3.6
Mid	-1.0	-0.8	-0.3
Small	0.3	1.8	3.2

Data Reflects Most Recently Available As of 10/31/2025

FIGURE 2

U.S. Sector Returns (October in %)



Data Reflects Most Recently Available As of 10/31/2025

FIGURE 3

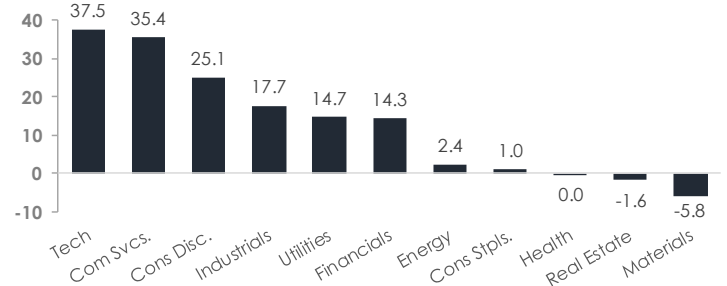
U.S. Style Returns (1-Year in %)

	Value	Blend	Growth
Large	11.1	21.5	30.5
Mid	7.9	10.8	19.6
Small	9.9	14.4	18.8

Data Reflects Most Recently Available As of 10/31/2025

FIGURE 4

U.S. Sector Returns (1-Year in %)



Data Reflects Most Recently Available As of 10/31/2025

FIGURE 5

Market Data Center

Stocks	1 month	3 months	6 months	YTD	1 year	3 years
S&P 500	2.3%	8.2%	23.6%	17.5%	21.5%	84.6%
Dow Jones	2.6%	8.2%	18.0%	13.3%	15.8%	54.0%
Russell 2000	1.8%	12.5%	27.1%	12.4%	14.4%	40.3%
Russell 1000 Growth	3.6%	10.4%	32.6%	21.5%	30.5%	123.2%
Russell 1000 Value	0.4%	5.2%	13.3%	12.1%	11.1%	45.8%
MSCI EAFE	1.2%	7.6%	13.6%	27.2%	23.7%	75.8%
MSCI EM	4.2%	13.3%	28.0%	33.6%	28.7%	80.3%
NASDAQ 100	4.8%	11.6%	32.6%	23.8%	31.0%	132.3%

Fixed Income	Yield	1 month	3 months	YTD	1 year	3 years
U.S. Aggregate	4.33%	0.6%	2.9%	6.8%	6.2%	17.8%
U.S. Corporates	4.82%	0.4%	3.0%	7.4%	6.8%	25.3%
Municipal Bonds	3.44%	1.1%	4.2%	3.7%	4.0%	16.7%
High Yield Bonds	6.67%	0.2%	2.2%	7.3%	8.0%	33.1%

Key Rates	10/31/2025	9/30/2025	7/31/2025	4/30/2025	10/31/2024	10/31/2022
2 yr Treasury	3.60%	3.61%	3.94%	3.59%	4.16%	4.49%
10 yr Treasury	4.09%	4.15%	4.36%	4.16%	4.28%	4.07%
30 yr Treasury	4.66%	4.73%	4.89%	4.69%	4.48%	4.20%
30 yr Mortgage	6.27%	6.36%	6.78%	6.85%	7.28%	6.27%
Prime Rate	7.25%	7.25%	7.50%	7.50%	8.00%	6.25%

Data Reflects Most Recently Available As of 10/31/2025

	Dividend Yield	NTM P/E	P/B
S&P 500	1.06%	22.9x	5.2x
Dow Jones	1.42%	20.6x	5.5x
Russell 2000	0.98%	24.5x	1.9x
Russell 1000 Growth	0.34%	31.4x	13.8x
Russell 1000 Value	1.72%	17.1x	2.9x
MSCI EAFE	2.73%	15.5x	2.0x
MSCI EM	2.13%	14.2x	2.1x
NASDAQ 100	0.45%	28.9x	8.5x

Commodities	Level	1 month	YTD
Oil (WTI)	60.98	-2.2%	-15.0%
Gasoline	1.87	-7.4%	-7.1%
Natural Gas	4.37	32.3%	41.0%
Propane	0.68	-5.0%	-13.1%
Ethanol	1.73	-1.7%	17.3%
Gold	3,997	3.2%	51.3%
Silver	48.16	3.3%	64.7%
Copper	5.07	5.4%	27.1%
Steel	888	11.0%	25.2%
Corn	4.32	3.9%	-5.9%
Soybeans	11.00	11.7%	9.1%

Important Disclosures

The information and opinions provided herein are provided as general market commentary only and are subject to change at any time without notice. This commentary may contain forward-looking statements that are subject to various risks and uncertainties. None of the events or outcomes mentioned here may come to pass, and actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in these statements. No mention of a particular security, index, or other instrument in this report constitutes a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold that or any other security, nor does it constitute an opinion on the suitability of any security or index. The report is strictly an informational publication and has been prepared without regard to the particular investments and circumstances of the recipient.

Past performance does not guarantee or indicate future results. Any index performance mentioned is for illustrative purposes only and does not reflect any management fees, transaction costs, or expenses. Indexes are unmanaged, and one cannot invest directly in an index. Index performance does not represent the actual performance that would be achieved by investing in a fund.

Stock performance and fundamental data is based on the following instruments: SPDR S&P 500 ETF (SPY), SPDR Dow Jones ETF (DIA), iShares Russell 2000 ETF (IWM), iShares Russell 1000 Growth ETF (IWF), iShares Russell 1000 Value ETF (IWD), iShares MSCI EAFE ETF (EFA), iShares MSCI Emerging Markets ETF (EEM), Invesco QQQ Trust (QQQ).

Fixed Income performance is based on the following instruments: iShares Core U.S. Aggregate Bond ETF (AGG), iShares Investment Grade Corporate ETF (LQD), iShares National Muni Bond ETF (MUB), iShares High Yield Corporate ETF (HYG).

Fixed Income yields and key rates are based on the following instruments: Bloomberg US Aggregate, ICE BofA US Corporate, ICE BofA US Municipal Securities, ICE BofA US High Yield, 2 Year US Benchmark Bond, 10 Year US Benchmark Bond, 30 Year US Benchmark Bond, 30 Year US Fixed Mortgage Rate, US Prime Rate.

Commodity prices are based on the following instruments: Crude Oil WTI (NYM \$/bbl), Gasoline Regular U.S. Gulf Coast (\$/gal), Natural Gas (NYM \$/mmbtu), Propane (NYM \$/gal), Ethanol (CRB \$/gallon), Gold (NYM \$/ozt), Silver (NYM \$/ozt), Copper NYMEX (\$/lb), U.S. Midwest Domestic Hot-Rolled Coil Steel (NYM \$/st), Corn (CBT \$/bu), Soybeans (Chicago \$/bu).

U.S. Style performance is based on the following instruments: iShares Russell 1000 Value ETF (IWD), SPDR S&P 500 ETF Trust (SPY), iShares Russell 1000 Growth ETF (IWF), iShares Russell Mid-Cap Value ETF (IWS), iShares Russell Midcap ETF (IWR), iShares Russell Mid-Cap Growth ETF (IWP), iShares Russell 2000 Value ETF (IWN), iShares Russell 2000 ETF (IWM), iShares Russell 2000 Growth ETF (IWO).

U.S. Sector performance is based on the following instruments: Consumer Discretionary Sector SPDR ETF (XLY), Consumer Staples Sector SPDR ETF (XLP), Energy Sector SPDR ETF (XLE), Financial Sector SPDR ETF (XLF), Health Care Sector SPDR ETF (XLV), Industrial Sector SPDR ETF (XLI), Materials Sector SPDR ETF (XLB), Technology Sector SPDR ETF (XLK), Communication Services Sector SPDR ETF (XLC), Utilities Sector SPDR ETF (XLU), Real Estate Sector SPDR ETF (XLRE).